Spearhead

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THE GULF WAR AND THE 'PROTOCOLS'

Was present Middle East Scenario foreseen at the beginning of the century? (Page 14)



The Gulf War: so what has been proved?

The war in the Middle East has, to all effective intents and purposes, been concluded, and the Governments of the United States and Britain are joyfully proclaiming the outcome as a triumph for 'freedom', 'democracy' and the rule of 'international law'. In fact it is none of these things. From the western standpoint, all that the defeat of Saddam Hussein's Iraq has proved is that, militarily, a Third World army made up mainly of conscripts stands no chance against a war machine backed up by First World technology and firepower. The forces of the Coalition, including our own, did their job with undoubted efficiency and professionalism, and from the purely military point of view their performance is to be praised. At the same time it must be stated in all honesty that they were up against an adversary that never seriously tested them. By the time the moment for the land battle had come, the Iraqi forces had been largely wiped out by the immensity of the preliminary aerial and artillery bombardment, while what remained of them were demoralised and ready to give in. The Gulf War, as it turned out, was a walkover for the western forces and their Arab allies.

In some of the commentaries made in this magazine before the decisive battles got started there was speculation that the war might not prove as easy as it did. In this respect the prognosis of our writers might be faulted. So be it. Our publication does not claim expertise in the techniques and probabilities of modern warfare; we are essentially political, and the political point underlying all that we published on the subject is one that still holds good, irrespective of the military result of the war: this was that that war served no vital British interest, nor any vital American one. Had the war, as at one time seemed possible, been a difficult one to win and involved long and drawn-out fighting, with many casualties, this would have represented a criminal sacrifice of British and American and other lives to no good purpose. As it is, with military victory bought comparatively quickly and at no enormous human cost, the criminality of the enterprise is in no way lessened. A mere seventeen British deaths is seventeen too many; the financial cost of the operation still remains considerable; and the political cost - measured in terms of the future trouble that America and Britain have stored up for themselves in the region - cannot yet even begin to be calculated.

One or two readers of Spearhead and its companion publication British Nationalist took both to task for proclaiming that, while we had opposed the war, once it had started nothing should be done to indicate disloyalty to British troops engaged in it and that the best outcome was that the war should be won quickly and the troops brought home. With respect to these critics — whose strictures were undoubtedly well meaning — we have to say that their attitudes displayed

a certain lack of realism and remoteness from the practical world of politics in which we are involved. There are some commentators on current affairs who are not subject to the constraints of running political groups coveting public support, and who therefore are in the enviable position of being able to say exactly what they like. In our case, however, the need for frankness and honesty in our coverage of events has to be balanced against the need not to alienate that portion of the public which constitutes our most likely pool of recruits and sympathisers, including voters. This does not mean that frankness and honesty should be jettisoned this editor can think of no case in which this has happened in these columns; it does mean, however, that choice of language and emphasis has to be made with some consideration for tact.

Britain's rulers (not for the first time, as our older readers will realise) mobilised support for an ill-chosen war by the stoking up of an entirely ersatz 'patriotism'. Nevertheless, what has to be recognised is that while this 'patriotic' appeal was made in a spirit of total cynicism it was received in one that was entirely genuine. Britain's young servicemen for the most part sincerely believed that they were doing their duty for their country, and this feeling was shared with equal sincerity by their family relatives and by a great many of the British public who took pride in their very competent performance in battle. Millions of ordinary British folk, not disposed to ponder seriously on the profounder political implications of the Middle Eastern conflict, found the Gulf War almost a welcome diversion from the ever-deepening gloom of the scene here at home, and they seized on the occasion to engage in a bout of flag-waving scarcely warranted by routine domestic events - a response no doubt planned and welcomed by the politicians who sent our forces out to the Gulf to fight for the Emir of Kuwait. Conscious of an ever-simmering nationalism at grass-roots level in Britain, these politicians were thoroughly relieved to find an opportunity to channel that nationalism in a direction convenient to their own interests rather than have it surge up against them in reaction to their appalling series of sell-outs and betrayals on the home front.

But having said all this we have to remember that we too are engaged in politics, albeit for purposes much nobler than those of the puppeteers who presently dominate political life in this country.

And being engaged in politics we have always to address ourselves to reality, whether or not it is to our liking. The first reality to be faced was that British forces were engaged in the Gulf War, for good or ill, and that nothing we may say or do would change this. The second reality was that an undoubted majority of the British public supported their being there and wanted them to win. The final reality was that it was always virtually certain that they would win, even though the speed and

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totality of their victory did not seem predictable at the outset.

Our task in this situation was to reconcile our perception of what the Gulf War was all about with these basic realities which we could not alter and which determined the climate in which that same war was viewed by the majority of the British public. The reconciliation was not an easy one. It involved speaking the truth about the war as we saw it but — and this is of vital importance — doing so in language that did not provoke total rejection in our listeners almost before we had started.

It was necessary from the very beginning that in opposing the motivations of the political leaders who landed Britain in the Gulf War we took care to say nothing that might have been interpreted as denigration of the men and women of the armed forces who were simply acting in accordance with the politicians' orders and directives, or as intended to undermine the forces' resolve to prosecute the war successfully. This did not seem to be fully understood by a few our readers. We hope that they understand things better now.

Elsewhere in this issue we are reprinting an article by our friend Ivor Benson which first appeared in his newsletter Behind the News. The article admirably summarises both the purpose of the recent Gulf conflict and its probable results. In his concluding remarks Mr. Benson makes the important observation that: "...now that hi-tech violence has demonstrated its irresistibility, the great struggle will shift more decisively onto the battleground of the mind...' Precisely so. And, presuming that British forces will, at least for the time being, not be engaged in combat in the area, we can perhaps hope for a changed climate in which the war can be debated more dispassionately and objectively than in the recent past.

'Getting Saddam'

One particular legacy from the Gulf War which is causing the Coalition leaders no small headache is the fact that, at least at the time that these words are written. Saddam Hussein is still in control of Iraq. True, there is currently raging in the country a battle between Saddam loyalists and those who are out to depose him, but that battle is as yet undecided, and there is no certainty that Saddam will not win it. Should this happen, President Bush, his poodle John Major and other western leaders involved in the business have a real problem on their hands. As pointed out in earlier issues of Spearhead, the name of the game in the Gulf War was always to get rid of Saddam Hussein and to instal an Iraqi government less resistant to the plans of the architects of the 'New World Order'. Saddam's invasion of Kuwait was never in reality a reason for the war against him, only a convenient excuse for it. Seen in this context, the full strategic aims of the war, from the Coalition's point of view, have not yet been achieved.

Currently the western press is savaging Saddam for using ruthless military force to put down an armed rebellion against him within his own country — as if there were any other option open to him in such circumstances. Behind all this pious rhetoric, however, there lies an orchestrated strategy, which is so to inflame world opinion against Saddam that there will be an acceptance of the idea that American forces (whether or not with British support, we do not know) should enter Iraq and resume the war until Saddam is toppled. This of course would be exceeding the terms of the UN Security Council resolution by which the war was originally set into motion. Hence the dilemma.

The problem was clearly put in an editorial in the *Daily Mail* (18th March), which said:-

"As long as he stays in charge of his terror regime, there is one nagging question which refuses to go away: Why didn't the allies go on to Baghdad, take out Saddam and finish the job?

"The answer is pristine in its respect for international legality: The forces of the Coalition had no authority under the resolutions of the UN Security Council to do more than liberate Kuwait and ensure its security.

"...All of which leaves President Bush in an unenviable predicament.

"He wants to see the end of Saddam, but is reluctant to will the means to that end. Having stopped the war, he doesn't want to start it again. Nor can he afford to come out in too solid support of separatist rebellions which could tear Iraq apart and leave predators such as the Iranians, the Syrians and the Turks to pick over the pieces..."

The final reference is the editor's way of saying that what scares America and its satellites is the prospect that, if Saddam is got rid of, it may only be with the result that some Islamic Fundamentalist regime (or regimes) in what is now Iraq will take his place. This would be to defeat the whole object of the Gulf War, which — to reiterate again — was to impose the 'New World Order' of internationalism and money power

upon the Middle Eastern region. Islamic Fundamentalism is just as much an obstacle to that objective as Saddam Hussein has been. Yet the nations of the Coalition now find themselves in the awkward position of witnessing a scenario in which only by use of the forces of Islamic Fundamentalism can Saddam be overthrown.

All these problems could of course have been predicted by any prudent observer of the Middle Eastern scene before the Gulf War started, and it was one of the reasons why this magazine opposed that war. What has happened is that the rapid Coalition victory has solved very little in real political terms. The issues that have led to the war have not gone away, nor will any amount of hi-tech firepower drive them away. The only way in which the United States, Britain and other western powers will be able to avoid éver deeper, more expensive and more destructive involvement in this cauldron of troubles is for them to disengage from the Middle East completely, allow Arabs to be the arbiters of the destiny of the region and abandon that state which has been the festering sore giving rise to so much of the conflict: Israel. Our governments will of course do none of these things, and so there seems no prospect whatever of the trouble coming to an end.

Blue-eyed boys

Well, what seemed inevitable has now happened: the conviction against the 'Birmingham Six' has been overturned and the men in question released. According to conventional wisdom, the affair of the Six has revealed a great deal that is wrong with the British legal system. But we would dissent from this and say that the case has revealed much more about the loyalties and motivations of a large part of the mass media and certain prominent politicians.

As far as the conviction itself goes, this has told us nothing that we did not know already. It has simply told us that British courts and British judges are fallible. The further examination of the case has also told us something else that should cause no



MEDIA HEROES
The Birmingham Six on occasion of their release

WHAT WE THINK

(Contd. from prev. page)

surprise: that police officers and forensic experts are fallible too, and furthermore that the former can and do sometimes 'cut corners' in order to secure convictions that there is a great deal of pressure upon them to secure. None of these reminders of reality would, in any normal circumstances, have resulted in the furore that is now being generated by the media and in parliament were it not for the fact that the (apparently) faulty conviction of the Birmingham Six has strong political reverberations in as much as it has deeply outraged certain powerful interests and lobbies in this country and thus raised up a hornet's nest of protest, most of it prompted much more by political bias than by concern for pure and simple justice.

The moment when the six acquitted men walked out of court in London last month was seized upon as an occasion for media euphoria and celebration very little less in volume than that which greeted terrorist Nelson Mandela when he was freed from his South African jail a year previously. One could indeed see TV news announcers' eyes light up with pleasure as they informed us of the event. In all this glee and gladness it seemed to have been totally forgotten that the men were undeniably IRA sympathisers - as was evidenced by the fact that at the time of their original arrest they were on their way from the mainland to Northern Ireland to attend the funeral of another terrorist, James McDade, who had blown himself up planting a bomb at the telephone exchange in Coventry. Furthermore, hardly had they landed in Ulster after their recent release than they were feted in another grand republican welcome, in which former IRA leader Martin McGuirness was present in prominence.

So there is not the slightest doubt that these men firmly identify themselves with an organisation which regularly murders innocent British civilians as well as British police and servicemen. The only question at issue is whether they actually took part in the operation leading to the massacre of such civilians in Birmingham that was the subject of the recent enquiry. To us that question seems, at the very most, academic. Are not all those who work actively to keep the IRA organisation in being, as well as those who provide it with other sources of succour and support, not least in the financial field, guilty in equal measure of the crimes perpetrated by its bombers and gunmen?

With this in mind, it would not have caused us the slightest loss of sleep if the so-called 'Birmingham Six' had remained for the rest of their lives in jail convicted of a specific crime in which they had not directly been involved - or, better still, hanged in the manner that should be the fate of everyone, whether on active service or not, who helps in the promotion of the IRA cause.

In the midst of a repulsive symphony of congratulation by the media of the released Six, the *Sunday Telegraph* of March 17th did, to its credit, publish the following editorial comment under the heading: 'Attack terrorism, not British justice':-

"Can there be a satisfactory system of criminal justice so long as IRA terrorism continues to spread its smear across the kingdom? That is the question which the Royal Commission ought to address, but won't. IRA terrorism is the root problem, not the police or the judges. On the mainland a few of the innocent get locked up; in Northern Ireland most of the guilty go free. These injustices, of which the second is even more worrying than the first, are not the fault of the criminal justice system; they are the consequence of the IRA waging a murderous campaign against the British people and their institutions.

"Because of the terrorist campaign, questions of guilt and innocence have become tragically blurred. Catholic jurors in Northern Ireland did not or dared not believe IRA bombers were murderers, and would not convict. Likewise, on the mainland, British policemen do not in their hearts believe that any professed republican or IRA sympathiser is truly innocent. Call this prejudice, if you like, but it is a prejudice shared by large sections of the British public. In spite of the shocking IRA atrocity the previous evening, the Birmingham Six still went ahead with their plans to attend an IRA funeral as if nothing untoward had happened. Strictly speaking, that brazen boldness should have suggested to the police that they must be innocent. But what price that tainted kind of innocence?

"Terrorist atrocities create a vicious circle. Understandably anxious to get convictions, the police falsify evidence against known IRA sympathisers — of which the London pubs are over-full - on the ground that they ought to be inside anyway - a view applauded by the public at the time of the atrocities. Years later, when the police falsifications are laboriously brought to light, the same public and media which earlier had been baying for convictions mount their high horse the better to launch a campaign of vilification against the police; this succeeds so well that juries start acquitting the obviously guilty on the grounds that all police are liars, which, final twist, convinces the police that they had been justified in falsifying the evidence in the first place.

"...Terrorism is the source of the infection and the politicians who have failed to beat terrorism should shoulder the blame for what is happening in the courts and in the prison cells. A royal commission will not help much — except to take the heat off the politicians. First defeat the IRA and then the criminal justice system can be left to take care of itself."

We could hardly have put it better. But it does not cover the whole of the story. What we should be pondering about is just why the obvious common sense of this view should not be recognised nationwide by all the politicians and all the operatives of the

mass media. The reality of the situation as described by the ST editor is so self-evident that it should hardly need spelling out. But what we now have, instead of a general acceptance of this reality, is a massive parliamentary and media lynch mob howling for the head of Lord Justice Lane, who turned down the original appeal of the Six, and those of the West Midlands police officers who collated the evidence on which they were sent down.

Only a short time after the acquittal of the Six, it was announced that, also because of public pressure (meaning politicians' and media pressure), there was now going to be a re-opening of some other cases suspected of involving wrongful convictions, including that of another IRA murderer and the case of Winston Silcock, found guilty of the killing of PC Keith Blakelock in the Broadwater Farm riot in Tottenham in 1985.

What was noticeably absent in this report, and what has been noticeably absent in all the recent media hype concerning the Birmingham Six case, was any mention of the fact that there is also going to be a reexamination of the case of the 'Armagh Four', a group of officers of the Ulster Defence Regiment charged and imprisoned for the killing of a young republican that took place in 1983. This case was reported in detail in the BNP newspaper British Nationalist in its May/June 1990 issue, and the report made clear how the men had been found guilty on evidence that was subsequently discovered to be totally unreliable so much so that even the legal establishment was forced to consent to the case being reopened.

Apart from in nationalist and patriotic circles, the affair of the Armagh Four has been almost totally hushed up. Compare this with the huge publicity that has been given to the cases of the Guildford Four (also IRA supporters), the Birmingham Six and riot thug Silcott. Compare the complete lack of interest on the part of Labour (and for the most part Tory) MPs in the fate of the UDR men with the storm of anger in those same quarters on behalf of the others mentioned.

Here we have a classic case of what Sir Arnold Lunn once succinctly called selective indignation'. But we would be naive if we simply dismissed this as a normal aberration of the mind on the part of the great and the good and the influential. It is something much more than that.

What is happening is that we are witnessing the workings of a well-established fifth column in British society, which can always be relied upon with mathematical precision to take up the cudgels on behalf of law-breakers in any cause — providing that it is anti-British — and against all those institutions and agencies by which the fabric of British nationhood and civilisation is preserved.

What disqualifies the men involved in the Armagh case from the sympathetic attentions of this noisy lobby is purely and simply that

Contd. on page 13

MIDDLE EAST: 'OBJECT ACHIEVED'

A postscript to the Gulf War, by IVOR BENSON

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THE RESULT of the Gulf War can be compressed into two words: object achieved. That object, as we have explained in this service, is to establish a powerful military presence in the Middle East with a view to the elimination of the Islamic oil states as an obstacle in the path of progress towards a planned New World Order.

US Defence Secretary Richard Cheyney has said it plainly: it will be necessary to maintain strong coalition forces in the Middle East, including an American fleet in the Persian Gulf and the prepositioning of a large amount of military matériel in Saudi Arabia so that American ground forces could go in quickly if needed.

And conditions have been created for the setting up of an expanded Israel as a military and political firm base for that new cosmopolitan imperialism having Zionism as its national spearhead*, which has replaced the separate national imperialisms of the 19th century.

Of equal importance is the fact that the Americans were given the opportunity to demonstrate the crushing might and total irresistibility of the sort of technological warfare now instantly available to the United States as the executive arm of a putative 'world community'.

These developments are plainly visible and easily understood, but there is another entire world of reality which is as invisible and incomprehensible to the masses as the dark side of the moon.

A glimpse of this other world of reality was provided with the news that China, with its population of more than one billion, and India, with a population approaching that figure, abstained from voting rather than support the latest United Nations Security Council resolution on the Gulf War.

Moreover, it was evidently considered pointless to try to conceal the fact that it was "promises of favours and finance" which helped Washington to secure the votes of 12 of the Security Council's 15 members for the use of force, if necessary, in the Gulf. Details of this 'buy-off' were given by Hugh Davies in a message from New York published in the London Daily Telegraph of December 1st.

"The wages of hypocrisy are embarrassment," wrote Peregrine Worsthorne in the Sunday Telegraph. Why, he asked, did President George Bush and Prime Minister John Major have to dissemble about their

war aims in the Middle East? Why did they pretend that their war aims would be satisfied by Iraq's withdrawal from Kuwait when, in truth, they always required Saddam Hussein's "head on a plate, and much else beside?" Whom were they trying to impress or deceive with their "mealy-mouthed mock moderation?"

What Worsthorne does not understand is that the 'mock moderation' and other examples of cheating were an essential component of the entire exercise. There was no way in which the cheating could have been dispensed with because there are long-term purposes being promoted which cannot be explained and justified and must, therefore, be closely concealed.

The immediate requirement was to set up a 'coalition' of states against Saddam Hussein, for which purpose the only aims to be mentioned must be those which these states might be induced to accept.

So much for the fig-leaf of legality provided by United Nations sponsorship of the use of force in the Gulf.

AMERICA AND BRITAIN HATED

A stunning military victory in Iraq has produced some paradoxical consequences; for an operation that had as its immediate objective the overthrow of the recalcitrant Saddam Hussein and his Ba'athist Party at the same time has strengthened and consolidated the main opponent of the new imperialism: a resurgent Islam — not to mention other religions in the East.

It is what happens inside the big picture of unfolding history that matters most, and not what happens in one place, like Iraq.

As millions of Americans, exulting in the euphoria of a military victory, get their ticker-tape ready and prepare to garnish trees with yellow ribbon, how many of them will be aware of the fact that in India the diplomatic corps was taken wholly by surprise by the wave of sympathy for Iraq, that the American Embassy hastily shipped out all non-essential staff, that the British Embassy in Delhi set about fortifying its compound with sandbags and razor wire, and that in Pakistan US nationals dare not walk in the streets without security cover?

Indeed, we now learn, so passionate a detestation of the United States and Britain has been stirred up by news of the death and destruction visited upon the population of Iraq that it has become a point of reconciliation between the hitherto warring factions of Hindus and Moslems.

Commented *The Times* of India in a frontpage editorial: "The West's conduct throughout this one month (February) has revealed the seamiest side of western civil-



WEAPONS OF HI-TECH WARFARE
Apache helicopter gunships, lined up for battle

MIDDLE EAST: 'OBJECT ACHIEVED'

(Contd. from prev. page)

isation: its unrestricted appetite for dominance, its morbid fascination for hi-tech military might, its insensitivity to 'alien' cultures, its appalling jingoism."

That is how the editor of The Times of India sees it, but the new imperialism is in fact significantly different; it lacks the delusory appeal of national aggrandisement which was so important a feature of the separate national imperialisms, nor are populations willing to pay so high a price in casualties.

EX ORIENT LUX

In the big historical picture that begins to emerge more clearly, there can be no separation of what has happened in the Middle East from what is now happening in the Soviet Union, where the three Baltic States have voted overwhelmingly for separate national self-determination.

What we are seeing is a vast line-up of mutually antagonistic human value systems: on the one side what one Islamic intellectual has called "a post-Christian European materialist, capitalist and imperialist civilisation,' and on the other a value system deeply planted in the East but of universal relevance, more intimately concerned with what human beings want and need for their fulfilment, rather than what happens to suit the requirements of those who have their hands on the levers of great power.

It is easier for the Orientals to perceive that, as these values are disregarded, efforts to create a New World Order are bound to

create a New World Disorder.

THE PRICE OF POWER

Ultimately, that is what the Middle East struggle is all about.

It happened to suit those who have their hands on the levers of great power to build up Saddam Hussein and his secularist Ba'athist party and launch them against Iran, where the power of religion as a counter to the power of money had been so dramatically demonstrated in the overthrow of another of their creations, the regime of the secularist Pahlavis.

So, who is to blame for all that has happened in recent months?

Not only was Saddam Hussein massively armed by the West and the Soviet Union working in close combination, but he was even permitted to use poison gas against the Iranians and Kurds - or at least there was no outcry when such weapons were used.

What went wrong was that Saddam Hussein misread the hieroglyphs of modern power-politics; like Shah Reza Khan just before the outbreak of World War II, he believed that the power he had acquired was entirely his own. And, as Reza Khan was sent into exile and his navy blasted out of the waters of the Persian Gulf, so Saddam



CRUEL INJUSTICE Iraqi boy by remains of home destroyed in allied raid

Hussein had to be removed when he showed a will of his own and set about trying to restore some of Iraq's ancient boundaries.

Saddam Hussein also misread world history, recognising only too late the meaning of Iran's religious revival; his intentions and those of his Ba'athist party were, therefore, not profoundly evil (they could even be called well-meaning) but sadly mistaken. A secular nationalism can have validity — but it had none at that time and in

The removal of Saddam Hussein thus became an historical necessity for all the Arabs, and for the Moslem Iranians, who are not Arabs.

But in the process of excising Saddam Hussein and his Ba'athist party a cruel injustice was inflicted on the entire population of Iraq, ninety-nine per-cent of whom can be regarded as the innocent victims of circumstances - circumstances created not by themselves but by the external powers.

How many thousands of Iraqis were slaughtered and how many other thousands were plunged into grief may never be known.

A vast infrastructure of buildings, bridges and other public works was devastated and the country set back half a century or more; but that is not considered punishment enough, as the victors now piously declare that Iraq must pay for all the damage and harm that has been done, a crippling lien on their main source of wealth, their oil industry.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES

So, what is to be expected now that Saddam Hussein has been defeated? There are too many imponderables to make precise prediction possible, but we can know the main requirements of the planned New World Order.

The name of the game is Concentration of Power, and decidedly not separate national freedom (Baltic States please note).

A possibility not to be excluded is that a chastened Ba'athist party, with or without Saddam Hussein, will be preferred to any other; for, to suit the New World Order, it would have to be a secular party that could be used as a buffer against a resurgent

Much will be found to have changed.

A struggle between pro-western and antiwestern forces will come more clearly into view. The position of the oil sheikdoms, especially that of Saudi Arabia, will be more precarious and in need of constant propping up, possibly even by military means.

Israel, that other state which expanded its territory in defiance of United Nations Security Council resolutions, has scored a substantial victory without having to fight, and will now supplement Saudi Arabia as a storehouse of war matériel.

Most important of all, perhaps, now that hi-tech violence has demonstrated its irresistibility, the great struggle will shift more decisively onto the battleground of the mind, with governments shaken and scared by non-violent mass-demonstrations like that of the 100,000 who swarmed into Red Square last month to protest against the policies of President Gorbachev.

In terms of that kind of warfare, Iran has emerged much strengthened.

* "The USA has given Israel \$650 million to cover the cost of damage sustained in the Gulf War and of maintaining its army in a state of alert, and for loss of tourist revenue; this is additional to the \$3 billion paid annually to Israel." (BBC Report, March 6th)

THE TORY ROAD TO RUIN

A CONSERVATIVE takes a critical look at the record of his own party in government

The following is an edited version of part of an article which first appeared in Round Robin, a newsletter published in support of the Tory Action Group and obtainable from PO Box 179, Harrow, Middlesex HA3 8HJ. We reprint this section of the article with acknowledgements to Round Robin because we think the article, and the quotations contained therein, constitute an extremely telling indictment of current Tory policy on the economy and on Europe — particularly so coming as it does from Conservative Party supporters. This is not to say that we agree with all comments made in the article or in the quoted passages.

THE PROFIT AND LOSS accounts and consolidated balance sheets of British industry are not a good advert for the men in government who, like interesting John Wakeham, see "politics as an extension of accountancy." David Brewerton writes in *The TImes* (November 28th 1990):-

"Our new man at No. 10 needs the blessing of all of us, for he takes over an economy in a recession which seems to get deeper every day. But Mr. Major is not going to give much reassurance to possibly the most influential industrialist in the country, Sir Denys Henderson, the Chairman of Imperial Chemical Industries ...with annual sales of £13 billion throughout the world, said that from a practical point of view he was not much reassured by the Chancellor's... description of economic prospects for 1991...

"Meanwhile...Professor Sir Alan Walters told his audience that Britain faced a deeper recession than most because of the rate at which this country entered the Exchange-Rate Mechanism. He reckons that a realignment to DM2.60 from DM2.95 would be more appropriate for industry...

"High interest rates and a high exchange rate knocked the stuffing out of manufacturing industry a decade ago. There is little to stop history repeating itself.

"For electoral reasons, the new man will no doubt make some noise about reforming the poll tax, but the real imperative must be to preserve the industry and the commercial base of this country...Henderson is right...that good growth in the nineties will have to be based on solid industrial substance...the new Prime Minister will do his greatest service to industry if he shows as much concern for those who make things as he does for those who make money."

Mrs. Thatcher's record in this regard was not good. We agree with the Editor of the *Guardian* (no doubt much to his surprise!) when he says (31.7.90):-

"The sale, with indecent haste, of ICL, Britain's only mainframe computer manufacturer, to Fujitsu of Japan raises crucial questions about economic sovereignty which we ignore at our peril. At issue is whether Britain, either by herself or with European partners, is to be represented as a principal in the new information technology, or merely as a foreign-owned branch line of a condominium economy. "Yesterday's deal - credit where it is due - is a triumph of industrial strategy Japan's, not ours. It is the latest stage of a brilliantly successful policy which has vaulted the Japanese computer industry from nowhere to the very heels of IBM within 20 years. The strategy is to marry pre-commercial collaborative research with a planned assault on likely growth areas, using several companies in fierce competition with one another. Mr. Andrew Grove, chief executive of Intel, the US microchip maker, has predicted that by 1992 Japanese companies such as Fujitsu, NEC and Hitachi will have captured 24 per-cent of the world market, compared with 10 per-cent in 1980 (and virtually nothing in 1970). If deals like yesterday's, which will make Fujitsu the world's number two, carry on, it could happen sooner.

"By contrast, the sale of ICL is the failure of a once promising, if eclectic, industrial strategy pursued by governments of both hues until Mrs. Thatcher's administration decreed that government in Britain, as opposed to...successful countries, has no role in these matters. ICL wouldn't exist to be sold today but for the government intervention of the past, which welded from several disparate companies a mainframe manufacturer that has become the most profitable in Europe.

MAJOR
He played leading part in involving
Britain in ERM disaster

The purchase price of approaching £1 billion suggests that the money was well spent in terms of wealth creation. In fact, the history of ICL from the 1940s, when Whitehall tried to persuade a sceptical ICL (then British Tabulating Machines) to get into the new area of computers, through to the interventionist sixties and seventies, shows that Whitehall has been more canny than its critics admit.

"In the short run, there will be benefits if Fujitsu uses Britain as a base to expand ICL's range of products. But, in the long term, most foreign companies, ours included when they are investing abroad, have as their objective a net cash drain from the country in which they are investing...What is at issue is whether Britain is to opt out of the strongest growing areas of high technology to become a provider of services and a maker of low technology goods. It is a policy which City myopia and government indifference are driving us towards fast. If Japan can support three major mainframe computer companies, is it out of the question that we might have just one? Failing that, the first option should be to link up with other European countries to provide more competition for Japan and the US. ICL's Euro-initiatives over the years have foundered on the unwillingness of European companies to surrender sovereignty. During the past year, Britain has seen its only mainframe computer company, its only large personal computer manufaturer (Apricot) and its most significant microchip maker (Inmos) fall into foreign hands. The software industry may be going the same way (as Hoskyns did this month). It almost looks like a deliberate strategy. If so, it is fatally flawed."

If Mr. Major does better than Mrs. Thatcher in this field, we shall have to say nicer things about him in the future. Far more importantly, he will deserve well of the British people, who will doubtless show their approval at the ballot box in the customary fashion.

INTEREST RATES

The first step would be to cut interest rates. which are higher than is necessary to bear down upon UK domestic inflation, and serve only to maintain an artificial parity for the Pound in the ERM. As David Brewerton points out in his *Times* article quoted earlier:-

"Interest rates need to come down on a global basis, but there is no reason why this country should lag rather than lead. If this weakens Sterling and drives it down to the ERM basement, so be it. At least that will make imports more expensive,

THE TORY ROAD TO RUIN

(Contd. from prev. page)

and give our suffering captains a bit of a leg up in international markets. As Walters pointed out, a rise in interest rates to maintain the present position of Sterling would bring the economy into even deeper recession."

James Bartholomew argues, in the *Daily Telegraph* (4.1.91) that ERM membership is adding to the forces of recession:-

"...this recession is...being made deeper by...membership of the ERM...In terms of our domestic economy, it is quite unnecessary to keep interest rates so high at a time when the insolvency departments of accountancy firms are deluged with work. The Government is forced to maintain high interest rates because of its decision to keep the Pound in its chosen band of the ERM. High interest rates are ERM-locked...A devaluation is inevitable in the longer term because Sterling is not competitive against the Deutschmark, and it is becoming less competitive with each day that passes because our inflation rate remains higher than that of Germany...'

Tories cannot say that they were not warned what would be the consequences of the lemming rush into the ERM. The Rt. Hon. John Biffen, MP, wrote in *The Guardian* (17.5.90):-

"There is...a sound argument for saying that tomorrow's Europe is a larger entity whose diversity can best be helped and reconciled by free exchange rates rather than by politically planned currency flows. The preoccupation with fixed exchange rates relates to yesterday's smaller Europe. The British should be prepared to state they will await the Europe of tomorrow.

"These European arguments against the ERM are based upon a philosophic view of the Community. They must be set in the more immediate context of national interests. All British leaders now seem committed to the virtues of a fixed exchange rate. It is not clear why there should be this preference. The exchange rate, admittedly, is not the ready coinage of party political controversy. Nonetheless there is now so much enthusiasm at Westminster, Whitehall and in the City for a return to a fixed Sterling parity that I feel that there is mass amnesia among our policy makers...in the early 1980s a free exchange rate was the key variable, while other fiscal and monetary components were subject to control. This aspect of Conservative economic policy cannot now be deserted. Are we to have an exchange rate policy orchestrated from Brussels or Bonn as the alternative to a domestic monetary policy?"

We are aware that devaluation is not a solution to all our problems. Ultimately, we must produce goods of the kinds that people want at a price that people can afford. Devaluation cannot help us with the first prerequisite of economic success. Only a strong commitment to quality by manage-

ment and workers alike can do that. Devaluation can, however, play an important role in the second respect. To give up the option so as to be thought 'good Europeans' by the central bankers of our principal foreign trade rival, with which we are in chronic deficit, is benighted folly. Come back, Sir Alan Walters, all is forgiven!

EUROFOLLY

Eurofolly has taken a dangerously strong grip on the establishment, which is wilfully blind to the consequences of its deluded enthusiasm.

Not only has Margaret Thatcher paid a high personal price for her efforts to rein in the wildest excesses of the unrepresentative pro-EEC clique that controls the Conserative Party, but also the country is paying a high financial price. One City columnist comments in the *Daily Telegraph* (14.3.90):-

"It is a black day indeed when Britain's invisibles go into the red. Yesterday it happened; for the first time since immediately after the last world war, we have paid more to foreigners for things other than goods than they have paid to us. But before the City goes into mourning it is worth seeing where the blame lies, and the two biggest culprits are the cost of borrowing to finance the trade deficit and the cost of staying in the Common Market. Of the two, it is the latter which is both more shocking and less tractable. "Last year, our contribution to the European Community was a net £4.5 billion. After claiming all the payments due to Britain, membership of the EEC cost each man, woman and child in the Kingdom getting on for £100. Even this disguises the true cost, since the inflated prices for food under the Common Agricultural Policy are paid in the shops rather than through taxation.

"While the £1.7 billion paid by the Government to the EEC in the last quarter is likely to be exceptional, there is no reason to think that the cost of membership is going to fall. We have new members, such as Greece, who are just getting stuck into the subsidy game, and others, such as Turkey and East Germany, who would very much like to learn."

EUROPE: THE POLITICAL COST

While Brussels does indeed drag us into the red, the political price of Community membership is even more unacceptable than the financial cost. Perhaps the most disgusting feature of the Euro-fanatics is their unwillingness to debate the big questions arising out of EEC membership openly and honestly. As Andrew Alexander says in the *Daily Mail* (2.11.90):-

"A depressing aspect of the debate on economic and monetary union, which is now splitting the Tory Party from top to bottom, has been the dishonesty of so many of the enthusiasts for that cause, whether politicians or not. If they would simply say: 'We think that the nation state has had its day. We feel that the right and bright future for Britain is as a province of a large super-state, with Parliament's

powers permanently removed and given to a European assembly...' then at least one could have a rational argument and the electorate would be treated as adults.

"Instead, the EMU enthusiasts hover between preposterous vagueness and what

is little better than gibberish.
"There is much talk about

"There is much talk about 'uniting Europe' (which could mean anything from federation to merely being on the same side) and of the need not to be 'anti-European' (seen, oddly, as wanting to preserve Europe's existing national diversity).

"There is also a flood of shallow-minded and misleading metaphors about rocking boats, catching trains, being in the driving seat, not standing on the sidelines, and so

"Now that Sir Geoffrey Howe can speak his mind openly, perhaps he could bring a note of candour to the debate and help to clarify the issues. It would be a major service to the nation."

The Rt. Hon. John Biffen, MP, says:-

"The challenge is to bring about a wider European partnership that embraces the states of Central and Eastern Europe. Eventually it will include a post-Soviet Russia, thus fulfilling De Gaulle's concept of a Europe stretching from the Atlantic to the Urals."

We agree. A wider, looser Europe of cooperating independent, sovereign states is a third way to be preferred to US tutelage in the special relationship of master and servant or the loss of sovereignty and identity implicit in rule by the Brussels bureaucracy. Let us hope that the economic pain caused to so many by ERM membership will awaken even more people to the political threat of Brussels rule. Stuart Millson observes in *The* Observer (22.7.90):-

"Confronted by an absence of consultation over the implementation of Europewide government, it is not surprising to hear so many voices raised in alarm at the prospect of government by Commission. It is also false to suggest that the transfer of political power from a national parliament to an external agency is intrinsically better for democracy, accountability, the settlement of legal disputes and the conduct of our economic life.

"The experience of Eastern Europe must surely remind us that the feelings of nations, if ignored, can contribute to the fragmentation of super-state blocs."

PUBLIC AWAKENING

Speaking to the North Shropshire Conservative Association on the 6th July 1990, the Rt. Hon. J. Enoch Powell said:-

"The British public have suddenly discovered in the last two years that they are no longer going to be allowed to make their laws and fix their taxes or decide the policies of their government in their own parliament. They have been startled to learn that a foreign court has the power to strike down or to prohibit in advance the decisions of their parliament.

"Now, there is something very curious

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about this sudden awakening. In 1972, albeit by the narrow majority of eight, the House of Commons passed a Bill, the European Communities Bill, which in the most comprehensive terms repudiated and renounced the entire sovereignty of the United Kingdom and its parliament in favour of the institutions of the European Community, as being the necessary and indispensable preliminary to British membership, and expressly subordinated the courts of the United Kingdom to the Community's Court. Some of us were so outraged at the time by this incredible abdication that we preferred exile from our own political allegiance of a lifetime to even tacitly acquiescing in what had been done. To all appearances, however, the nation at large remained supremely uninterested, and barely vouchsafed the acknowledgement of a yawn to all our

"Yet here is the old lion, if a lion it still is, apparently wide awake and roaring: 'Is this really what those people think they can do to me?' The abyss is there alright,

even though its existence has been ignored for all of eighteen years. But let the nation be under no apprehension as to with whom the responsibility for exerting its will to pull back from the fatal edge has come home to rest...To recall and reestablish lost powers and freedoms, lost safeguards and securities, is something which nothing less than the nation itself has the power to do. That it has that power is undeniable. The right to alter past decisions no less than the right to make new decisions for the future has always belonged to Parliament; indeed, it is an essential attribute of sovereignty. Even the nation itself, however, can only exert this power successfully upon two conditions; and here our own past of fifty years ago is a guide and an inspiration. It has to be a nation united, and it has to be a nation making in its own way its own deliberate decision...

"...We are seeing verified before our eyes today the old saying that nothing is so irresistible as an idea whose time has come. Europe...is rediscovering the idea

of the self-governing...nation. We have watched the march of that idea through the countries of Central and Eastern Europe with approval and enthusiasm. We have seen it dispel from Europe the nightmare of two mutually menacing blocs which has held us all in its thrall since the end of the Second World War. It is not to be supposed that we and the other nations of the European Community have nothing better to offer to our newly liberated fellows in the rest of the European Continent than to surrender the freedom they have chosen in order to fall under alien and bureaucratically centralised domination again."

Readers should not confuse our hostility to the absorption of the British state into a Euro-state run by M. Delors and his cohorts with hostility to the nations of Europe. We welcome Mr. John Biffen's imaginative approach of widening Europe to include our brothers and sisters newly liberated from Marxism-Leninism, the greatest moral evil of the twentieth century.

WHEN THE WIND BLOWS, THE CRADLE WILL ROCK...

RICHARD SWAIN heralds the coming revolution against modernism in music

SINCE the beginning of 1990, Spearhead has poignantly portrayed the time in which we live as a revolutionary period of gigantic, systemic upheavals. Most noticeably, the momentous political events which have taken place in Europe, together with the worldwide resurgence of white nationalism, have been upheld as indicators of the increased fluidity and uncertainties of the established order—factors that can only facilitate the advancement of our own cause

Like many others, I share the feeling of excitement. I also feel in my bones that we are coming to the end of an epoch, and that the world of internationalism, egalitarianism and modernism is in the throes of a long overdue death. Are these feelings too optimistic? How deep and widespread are the convulsions currently shaking the international order? Can we be confident that recent political changes signify more than just controlled tactical adjustments on the part of the international money power brokers, designed to consolidate their positions? These are questions that are fundamental when it is considered that genuine, deep-seated revolutions have, throughout history, always transcended the political sphere and extended into the

Music, for example, has always served as an indicator of the prevailing spirit which represents a particular age. Just as the music of Mozart evokes the blossoming of European civilisation and superiority, so that of Schönberg reflects its decline into decadence and subservience. Can we therefore recognise any signs of an impending musical revolution to complement develop-



RICHARD WAGNER
Hated by the modernists, who have distorted his works

ments in the political sphere, and which confirm that the modern world, in all its disgusting manifestations, is disintegrating?

RETURN OF THE TRUE WAGNER

In my view, there is growing evidence that this is the case. Take, for example, Richard Wagner. Given the undeniable greatness and immortality of Wagner's music, it would never have been possible for the post-1945 world to ignore him completely. Instead, he was 'modernised' with the times, resulting in some outrageous productions at Bayreuth (for example, the Ring Cycle was set in present-day Manhattan) and the tendency for commercial recordings of his works to be monopolised by conductors with decidedly modernist and un-European credentials, such as Levine and Solti.

While time will tell whether Bayreuth reverts solely to producing 'traditional' Wagner, it has to be said that 1990 saw a decided improvement on 1989. Of greater significance, however, is the definite change over the last 12 months in the balance of the commercial records market. The two Ring Cycles now making all the running are conducted by the same person. That person is none other than Wilhelm Furtwängler, held in high favour in National Socialist Germany. Furtwängler was ostracised after

WHEN THE WIND BLOWS, THE CRADLE WILL ROCK...

(Contd. from prev. page)

the war because of his honoured status in Hitler's Reich and for his continuing adherence to the Romantic musical tradition. Moreover, the next 12 months will see the release of the late Sir Reginald Goodhall's interpretation of the Ring, after that conductor had been ignored since 1945 because of 'incorrect' political as well as musical tendencies (Sir Reginald became almost a 'non-person' with the musical establishment after he had been so indiscreet as to make some favourable references to the Germany of the Hitler period. Ed.)

BRITISH COMPOSER

Both of these developments are indicative of the general resurgence of Romanticism in music. But perhaps the most important reflection of this trend is the growing impact and popularity of the British composer and conductor George Lloyd, generally regarded as a "controversial latter-day Romantic." Lloyd's case is particularly significant to our struggle because over the past 18 months he has enjoyed a tremendous upturn in fortune after being ignored by the musical establishment since the end of the Second World War. Notably, this revival has been achieved in spite of the increasing hostility with which Lloyd has been regarded by this establishment.

This development was further highlighted in a feature on Lloyd by Ian MacDonald which appeared in a recent edition of 20-20 magazine, a designer publication akin to *The Face* and *Q*. The fact that such a magazine felt obliged to review the composer and his music is in itself symbolic of the changing

climate. Of greater importance, however, besides the author's evident sympathy for his subject, was his recognition of the nature of the 'threat' which Lloyd's work poses — a 'threat', not just to the idea of classical music as "an abstract quantified art in which what happens next is determined chiefly by numbers...(where) tunes don't get much of a look in," but to a distinct world-outlook based upon the "the surface-fixated decadence of our post-modernist age."

MUSICAL EQUIVALENT OF POLITICAL CHALLENGE

Thus Lloyd can be seen as the musical equivalent of the political forces which have shaken the international order to its bones, exposing the 20th century for what it is: in the words of *Spearhead*, "an historical aberration" whose time is coming to an end. As MacDonald argues, "His (Lloyd's) music's predominant joyousness — in itself naive to any consciously modern person — is an expression of the optimism of the early 1990s...yet to encounter the massed machine guns of the Somme. It reflects the confidence of a pre-psychological era in which the basic unity of human identity was not the mind but the immortal soul."

This is an idea which Lloyd has resurrected — not as a 'reactionary', as his critics like to argue, but as a revolutionary, challenging the existing order. It is the modernists who have become the reactionaries, and it is against their world that the "whiff of popular revolution in the classical air" is directed. Indeed, in quoting the vice-president of Lloyd's record company, MacDonald is at pains to emphasise the immediate political parallel: "Like Communism and the Berlin Wall, the music of the squeaky gate is tumbling down.

Audiences have had enough of listening to music they simply do not enjoy."

DECONTAMINATION PROCESS

The same could be said of developments right across the cultural spectrum. Major pillars of that artificial world which was created in 1945 are now disintegrating. Founding Fathers such as Freud and Wittgenstein are now being openly ridiculed as frauds and cranks, whose theories are as empty as the heads of their adherents (see, for instance, the Sunday Telegraph, March 10th 1991). A decontamination process is now in action which is cleansing the western world of the poison which was unnaturally inserted at the end of World War II (and in some instances much earlier. Ed.)

This idea was hinted at in an interesting piece by Peter Simple in the Sunday Telegraph on the 21st February 1991, when questioning why particular artists and writers have been consistently ignored and suppressed since 1945, merely because at one time or another they were sympathetic to National Socialism. Most notable were Arno Brecker (who died recently), "one of the greatest sculptors of this century," Martin Heidegger, "one of the greatest philosophers of this century...as well as other eminent Germans, notably musicians."

In Mr. Simple's view, this has been the case because of the "assumption that the Nazi regime was not merely evil, but was something wholly and uniquely evil beyond anything else in the entire history of the world, something which therefore stands outside the ordinary criteria of historical enquiry and treatment..." In concluding, Mr. Simple questioned perhaps the most important pillar of the post-war world: "This assumption has now lasted for sixty years. Can it last for ever?"

Election Fund: full steam ahead!

This month the British National Party announces the opening of its General Election Fund, the fund that has been launched with the object of financing the party's campaign for the next General Election, at which it plans to fight 10-15 seats, depending on the date on which the election is called.

Local branches and regions will be responsible for raising the money to finance the candidates in their respective areas. However, a substantial sum of money will be required to finance the campaign at national level. The BNP seeks to run the campaign in as professional way as possible. A big national publicity drive will be required. Extra staff will be needed at administrative and organisational level. An Election Manifesto will have to be published. Press conferences will have to be held. Last but not least, a reserve fund will have to be available to underwrite local expenses should the money for candidates fall short of the target.

With all this in mind, we are asking all readers to contribute generously to the BNP Election Fund — starting from now! All donations should be marked 'British National Party Election Fund' and sent to PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW. SAEs with money would make receipting easier and reduce staff work.

VIRGIN BIRTHS — ANOTHER STEP ON THE ROAD TO RUIN

PAUL GIFFORD-GIFFORD examines the latest piece of 'liberal' social engineering

LAST MONTH there came to light another obscene practice on the part of those who seek to meddle in the ways of nature. Now it is possible for single women, many still virgins, and even lesbian 'couples', to order children from a sperm bank, as they "do not feel the need for a man" in their lives. Not only this, but the physical features of the child can be determined before the practice generally known as artificial insemination -takes place. The people promoting this new development seek to deny the child its right to a father. In some unfortunate circumstances a child's father may die before it is born, or in its infancy. This is very tragic, but sometimes unavoidable. But deliberately to deny a child its father is a crime beyond comprehension and beyond words.

Of course, the modern 'liberal' does not see a child as the natural product of the marriage between a man and a woman — the continuation of the species, and of life itself — but merely as an 'individual', devoid of ancestry, timeless, drifting in a sea of other individuals, of no special significance. The child is just a product, which any woman has the 'right' to have, in the same way as services like health care or education. By such means, life itself is being degraded. 'Liberals' speak of individuals; but without family, without community, without purpose, an individual is lost.

As an isolated incident, this act of total immorality, whereby a child is created for purely selfish reasons, would be bad enough. Yet this matter must also be considered in the wider context of experimentation on human embryos, easily available abortion whereby the promiscuous and the careless can have their child murdered before it is born, the prescription of contraceptives to under-age girls, the tolerance and even promotion of homosexuality, and the media and music industry's assault on family values and those who wish to protect them. The latter, who simply wish to defend that which is natural and right, are portrayed as 'reactionaries', even 'fascists'.

INACTION OF THE CHURCH

What is the church doing about this latest assault against the virtues of morality and decency? Where are the protests, the marches, the campaigns? For that matter, what has the church done about the growing rates of divorce, illegitimacy, promiscuity, miscegenation, and the vile and unnatural

HASN'T HE A
RIGHT TO A
DAD?
Permitting artificial
insemination will
condemn many
more children to
single-parenthood

acts of homosexuals? The people who are supposed to guide us morally and spritually are doing nothing!

For that matter, what is the church doing to preserve our community, our nation, our people? Nothing again! For the church of today sees nations as nothing more than temporary groups of human beings, nothing more. Race and culture are, to this church. irrelevant. We are all just 'individuals', with no loyalties, no duties, no responsibilities to anything or anybody. To many churchmen, it is wrong to set any standards or laws against immorality; they care only for the 'rights' of those who commit degenerate acts. Their condition is only that by such acts no-one else is affected. In fact this is a recipe for human suicide. 'Liberals' always speak of the rights of the individual; but we must remember the rights of the nation as a whole, or else we will all perish.

TORY FAILURE

The Conservative Party, we have constantly been informed, is the party of the family. Yet in power Mrs. Thatcher was one of the most liberal leaders imaginable. She did nothing to oppose the growing tide of degeneracy sweeping Britain. Her Government did nothing to stop the murder of hundreds of thousands of unborn Britons. It allowed murderers out of prison after their 'life' sentences, leaving them free to commit their crimes again. Due to Mrs. Thatcher's liberalistic beliefs, her Government never took any tough action to wipe out the IRA,

and this failure resulted in the deaths of many of our servicemen and civilians. Where is the morality in pussyfooting with terrorists who murder and maim British people, and yet sending British servicemen to risk their lives fighting for foreign regimes in the Middle East which don't even measure up to the Government's ideals of 'democracy'? And of course Mrs. Thatcher's successor, John Major, has shown no willingness so far to alter any of these policies. He seems just as much prepared to watch the fabric of what is left of this nation fall about his head, as he enjoys playing national 'leader'.

It is fast becoming as big a 'sin' to speak out against homosexuality, abortion and (more recently) virgin births as it is to condemn the racial suicide of the British people. For to do these things is to act in direct contravention of the big plan our masters have for us: that we become a nationless, raceless world, in which our only loyalty is to our own selves and our selfish interests and desires.

It is the duty of all nationalists to fight to prevent this disaster happening. The future of our culture and our race depends upon our victory.

The writer of the foregoing article, Paul Gifford-Gifford is a college sixth-former.

Today, it (the law of nature) has become the vital principle on which the survival of civilisation and indeed of humanity depends.

Christopher Dawson

TORIES NOW SLAVES TO ENVIRONMENTALIST HOAX

JOHN GREGORY looks behind latest plans for criminal 'rehabilitation'

THE DOCTRINE which is perhaps the cornerstone of modern liberal thinking, and one of our chief enemies, is 'Environmentalism': the theory (not scientifically based) that the personality, ability and performance of the individual are moulded completely, or nearly completely, by all the surrounding influences in his or her life, from the moment of birth, and not by genetic or hereditary factors.

The theory of Environmentalism was in fact first devised and spread in the 19th century by cunning and politically motivated 'social anthropologists' — flying in the face of all the diligent and scientific research and findings of that period which backed the hereditary line of thinking, and today its falsehoods and their offshoots completely rule our political and educational establishments — not by force of reason but as a result of sheer 'big-lie' repetition (see *Biology of the Race Problem* by Wesley C. George), combined with a strong element of psychological intimidation and terror against any whom might dare to dissent.

The liberals of course need Environmentalism (or egalitarianism) to 'prove' all sorts of unprovables, such as that multiracial societies can work because the differences between the races are only superficial and will disappear given environmental adjustment.

But where does the ruling Conservative Party stand on all this? In the Tories' propaganda they like to paint themselves as 'hardliners' and firm realists, and their opponents in Westminster as wishy-washy, softhearted and irrational; but closer examination reveals that the Tories are just as liberal in policy and outlook as the other two old-gang parties. Bearing this in mind, it is worthy of interest to note the Government's new proposals on 'rehabilitation' of criminals.

According to Home Office minister Chris Patten, "Supervision of offenders gaining early parole is to be extended to child molesters, rapists and other sex offenders." Says Mr. Patten: "They come out of prison unreformed and do it again. They need to be supervised. They need comprehensive personal counselling in specialist treatment centres to be brought face-to-face with what they have done."

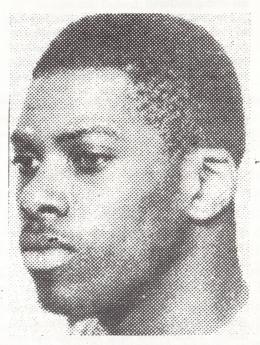
GENETICS IGNORED

Now all this may sound very fine to the likes of Lord Longford & Co., but it seems to me as if Mr. Patten is either ignorant of,

or is deliberately discounting, the relevant conclusions of eminent scientists, such as Francis Galton, Francis Crick and Julian Huxley — just to name a few, that human behaviour, in this case criminality, is in fact governed for the most part by genetic factors, and is therefore inherited and irreversible. Consequently, the allocation of time and funds for 'rehabilitation' is a pointless exercise and a waste of the taxpayers' money.

A clear pattern of crimes and disorders being passed from generation to generation has been established by many scientists and anthropologists of varying sentiments, but our Government still chooses to discount all theories but the environmentalist one. Just who is advising Mr. Patten? Or is he taking the familiar politician's line of acting according to his 'conscience'? Whichever is the case, Britain is going to suffer as a result.

Indeed, even if it could be established that the sex offender acted as he did because of adverse environmental influences it is still



A FIT CASE FOR 'REHABILITATION'?
David Johnson (pictured here) was one of a gang who subjected a 15-year-old girl to a 12-hour rape ordeal on the notorious Stonebridge Estate in Harlesden, North West London. If present Home Office plans come to fruition, the likes of Johnson will qualify for early parole on condition that they are subjected to 'rehabilitation' treatment

relevant to ask why some individuals succumb to those influences and others do not? Surely, the former do because of some character flaw, which again must be inherited and thus irreversible.

So the environmentalist case really doesn't have a leg to stand on when placed under serious scrutiny, but the Conservatives, just like the others, will doubtless continue to legislate according to its dubious logic. It will do so because it is a party within a broader political establishment which elevates the weakest and wettest personalities to positions of power and influence. The sad truth therefore is that it is too much to ask of a minister responsible for public safety to take advice from qualified scientific personnel in instances such as this, where it is clearly necessary, and then to act accordingly and appropriately. No, the liberal interpretation of our problems is allpervasive, and public officials follow it like sheep — whilst our womenfolk and children continue to suffer the vilest attacks from human garbage, who are released from inadequate prison sentences to receive 'special attention', followed all too often by a repeat of the original offence - when in fact most of them should have been executed in the first place. All this because our leaders fail to grasp the realities of the world we live in.

WHAT MUST BE DONE

A BNP Government, when we finally get it into office, must act to protect law-abiding people by putting priority upon a community and national interest and not by worshipping the 'rights of the individual', as practised by the Tory, Labour, Liberal Democrat and Green parties. It must do so because this concept of 'individual rights' (every individual included, of course) leads to widespread suffering, as it completely fails to take account of differences between peoples, of inequalities within a race and indeed between races; also because it extends protection to those who are the least deserving of it. Promoting these 'individual rights' also leads inevitably to those 'rights' becoming an end in themselves, rather than something to be earned, and eventually to that state of affairs whereby the firm and resolute guardianship of law and order that is required to protect those individuals worthy of it is stigmatised as 'fascism'.

Liberals like the Tories cannot seem to understand that sex offenders, murderers and Contd. on next page (col. 3)

Page twelve

Urgent appeal: £1,000 needed!

Dear Reader,

We always avoid, if we can help it, making special appeals to you for money. A recent development, however, gives us no alternative but to do so now,

Just over a year ago, by means of the great generosity of some our supporters, we were able to raise the money to purchase an entirely new set of equipment for the typesetting and layout of our magazine. This has revolutionised our production methods, and all for the better. These methods will be revolutionised and improved even further when we have mastered all the operational techniques involved in using this new equipment. All in all, the fact of our moving into the 'hi-tech' field has been a tremendous boon.

There is just one snag to all this progress. The financial contributions that we received which enabled us to buy the new equipment considerably increased our total of income for the year in question, classified by HM Inland Revenue as 'profit'. This has meant that our tax liability for the year has been substantially raised. Of course, against this we are able to claim increased capital allowance for depreciation of equipment, but this must be set against the need to ensure that we have adequate resources to replace the equipment when it comes to the end of its working life. In fact the capital allowance for which we qualify nowhere near compensates for the vastly increased tax liability incurred.

We have recently received from HM Inspector of Taxes an assessment of tax owing for the year in question, 1989/90, and a demand that this be paid in two instalments, one immediately and the other by the 1st July. We find that this assessment is approximately £1,000 in excess of the sum which we normally pay. It means, in effect, that we have got to raise £1,000 on top of normal income — otherwise we are in trouble.

I am afraid that I have no option but to appeal to our loyal readers and supporters to send us donations to cover this extra £1,000 if we are to stay in business. You have never let us down in the past. I have faith that you will not let us down this time.

Please give generously. And please give quickly!

JOHN TYNDALL (Editor)

WHAT WE THINK (Contd. from page 4)

they were loyal servants of the British State carrying out duties of a fundamentally patriotic nature, serving in a law-enforcement unit whose task it is to desend legal British sovereignty in a part of our Kingdom. What makes the likes of the Guildford Four, the Birmingham Six and the mobsters of Broadwater Farm, Toxteth and elsewhere the instant focus of sympathy from the same quarter is that they are representative of precisely the opposite. Their activities serve as daggers aimed at the heart of Britain and, being thus, they are never lacking an army of champions and

protectors.

What we have to see in the wave of support whipped up on behalf of the Birmingham Six — amounting to no less than a campaign to depict them as martyrs and popular heroes — is just one more blow struck in the campaign to destroy the will of the British Nation to resist its enemies, whether that be manifest in the will of its police to hunt those enemies down, the will of its courts to convict them and put them away or the will of its people as a whole to give to those police and courts the backing they need to do their job.

This is the real truth revealed in the affair of the Birmingham Six. We will be guilty of blind stupidity if we fail to heed it.

TORIES NOW SLAVES TO 'ENVIRONMENTALIST' HOAX

(Contd. from prev. page)

the like have completely forfeited their own rights because they violated the rights of others.

The Conservatives are not the party of nature and the environment but of nurture and the environmental. Legislating according to theories like environmentalism and egalitarianism has lumbered our society with all manner of contradictions, decay and strife; and the forthcoming collapse of 'liberal democracy' to which all this has contributed cannot come a day too soon.

THE GULF WAR AND THE 'PROTOCOLS'

Was present Middle East scenario foreseen at the beginning of the century? asks JOHN TYNDALL

OUR FRIEND AND ALLY, Ivor Benson, whose articles have often been reprinted in this magazine, has said of the recent Gulf War that it cannot be properly understood unless it is viewed as an integral part of an 'age of conflict', encompassing a continual process of revolution extending throughout most of the 20th century.

Many others have asked the question: why has Saddam Hussein's Iraq been singled out for punishment because it has staged an armed invasion of a neighbouring country, while many other such armed invasions have been similarly staged in recent times without any punitive action against the invaders even being contemplated? Included among the latter have been Israel's invasion of the Lebanon and America's invasions of both Grenada and Panama. Yet both Israel and America have been depicted as belonging to the 'good guys' in the recent Middle Eastern imbroglio, while Iraq has been portrayed as completely 'beyond the pale'.

The answer is not difficult to find once one understands the nature of the 'age of conflict' of which Mr. Benson has often spoken, and the 20th century revolution that it has encompassed. The key to the riddle is that the Israeli invasion of the Lebanon and the American invasion of her two tiny neighbours, together with many other invasions of modern times, have not been undertaken by powers seen as posing any challenge to the makers of the 20th century revolution, and in many cases have proceeded wholly in accordance with the aims of that very same revolution. They have, in other words, served the interests of what Mr. Benson has called the '20th century revolutionary imperialism', which is mainly an imperialism of money power - as distinct from the national imperialisms of the 19th century which preceded it. Another term for this 20th century moneyed imperialism, and one much more readily familiar to followers of the contemporary scene, is what President Bush is fond of calling the 'New World Order'.

The Saddam regime of Iraq, whether one likes or dislikes its practices, was very definitely a power — albeit not a large one — which was seen as a challenge to this 'New World Order' which could not be tolerated and which therefore had to be destroyed. A trap was set for Saddam in the way of two separate declarations by US diplomats, Miss April Glaspie and Mrs. Margaret Tutweiler, to the effect that America would look the

other way if Saddam occupied Kuwait. Saddam fell neatly into the trap, and was subsequently quickly defeated and largely discredited by US and allied military action. As these words are written he still holds onto power in Iraq, but for how long is a matter of doubt.

PROPHECY

All this brings us to an examination of what is now a relatively ancient document, which many have seen as blueprinting the very revolutionary imperialism of the 20th century to which we have referred. At the outset of this century there emerged in Russia the famous (or 'infamous', according to your point of view) Protocols of the Learned Elders of Zion, which was claimed by its publishers to comprise the minutes of a series of meetings of leading Zionist Jews at which the Zionist strategy for world conquest was outlined. Ever since the first appearance of The Protocols, controversy has raged over whether they were genuine reports of the meetings as claimed or forgeries concocted by 'anti-semites' in an attempt to justify 'pogroms' against the Jews. This controversy has not been satisfactorily settled to this day, and probably never will. My own view of the matter has always been that the balance of probability indicates that The Protocols were a forgery - although I have never been adamant on the point. Much more germane to the argument, however, is the fact that the plan for world conquest which they describe is uncannily similar to what has actually happened throughout the century which followed their first appearance - indicating, if nothing else, a certain continuity of pattern between the world as it was seen by the authors of The Protocols and that which has unfolded during our century and which is clearly visible today.

I owe a debt of gratitude to one of our readers for drawing my attention to the similarity of scenario between what has recently happened in the Middle East and the predictions and promises contained in a part of Chapter 7 of the original *Protocols*, and I quote:-

"Throughout all Europe, and by means of relations with Europe, in other continents also, we must create ferments, discords and hostility. Therein we gain a double advantage. In the first place we keep in check all countries, for they well know that we have the power whenever we like to create disorders or to restore order. All

these countries are accustomed to see in us an indispensable force of coercion. In the second place, by our intrigues we shall tangle up all the threads which we have stretched into the cabinets of all states by means of the political, by economic treaties, or loan obligations. In order to succeed in this we must use great cunning and penetration during negotiations and agreements; but, as regards what is called the 'official language', we shall keep to the opposite tactics and assume the mask of honesty and compliancy. In this way the peoples and governments of the govim, whom we have taught to look only at the outside whatever we present to their notice, will still continue to accept us as the benefactors and saviours of the human

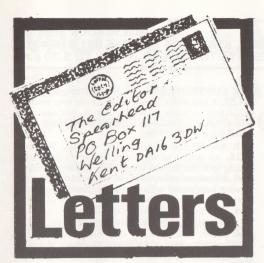
"We must be in a position to respond to every act of opposition by war with the neighbours of that country which dares to oppose us; but if these neighbours should also venture to stand collectively against us, then we must offer resistance by a universal war.

"...In a word, to sum up our system of keeping the governments of the *goyim* in Europe in check, we shall show our strength to one of them by terrorist attempts, and to them all, if we allow the possibility of a general rising against us, we shall respond with the guns of America or China or Japan." (Present writer's emphasis).

PARALLEL

Of course it is possible to identify one or two inexactitudes in the foregoing passages when related to recent events. The words of The Protocols speak of a system of "keeping the governments of the govim in Europe in check, because at the time that those words first appeared it was in Europe primarily that a 'rising' against the powers-that-were was anticipated. Also, the document was a little off target in its prediction that "the guns of...China or Japan'' might be used in such a contingency. However, what is remarkable about this part of Chapter 7 of The Protocols is not the small details of difference between what it says and what has happened in the Gulf but the much larger sense in which, in their generality, the two scenarios are the

This apart, there are surely readers who will be able to put their finger upon a much bigger conflict in the 20th century in which events corresponded far more accurately to what was forecast in *The Protocols* many years earlier. Did the Gulf War simply follow the same pattern? What do you think?



SIR: I can't believe what I've just read. Both *British Nationalist* and *Spearhead* are supporting the war in the Gulf, albeit a speedy one.

Are they not aligning themselves with the real enemy of mankind by doing this?

And what a poor excuse for doing so—correct me if I'm wrong—so that less British servicemen will die if the war is quick. Surely less still would die if Britain withdrew its support for the war.

I can only think that someone, somewhere, has been supping a little from the well of the masses and is trying to sway under the weight of a manufactured public opinion.

In a word, populism.

Of course, this may temporarily persuade a few grudging individuals that the BNP is 'patriotic', but it will not persuade racial revolutionaries — the people who do the graft and take the risks for our cause — that just as times are getting better for our racial salvation the medicine prescribed for that salvation is being watered down.

Whilst many people reading this may not agree with what I have written, I wonder how many will change their minds when the Nuremberg-style trials open in Kuwait — or even Baghdad?

SEAN HERNON Buckhurst Hill, Essex

(EDITOR'S NOTE: A further explanation of this magazine's position with regard to the recent Gulf War is given in the 'What We Think' column of this issue. We do not think that any readers who seriously studied what we said previously and who read and think about what we have said in this month's column will honestly claim that we 'supported' the war.)

SIR: I am a subscriber to *Spearhead*, whose lucidity I greatly appreciate.

You will admit that one huge danger that threatens our youth, and hence the future of our race, are drugs like heroin, cocaine and even 'soft' stuff like hashish or marijuana.

You may also know that 70 per-cent of opium production originates from the 'Golden Triangle', an area located in Northern Thailand and neighbouring Burma and Laos, and is controlled by the Chinese

mafia, the 'Triads', with their headquarters in Hong Kong. In preparation for the Red Chinese takeover in 1997, these Triad criminals are planning to move to Taiwan, the USA, Canada and Europe.

What will be invading Europe in 1997 and thereafter will be the most merciless and unscrupulous kind of gangsterdom mankind has ever known. Compared with the Triads, the Sicilian Mafiosi are gentle choirboys.

You may have heard of the Zurich *Platz-spitz*. This place has become well-known as an open-air supermarket for all sorts of drugs, where addicts are offered syringes free of charge by the red and green municipality of Zurich. Some politicians here are even advocating the dispensing of free heroin to a certain category of drug-addicts in order to "smash the illegal market."

Mrs. Thatcher, when she was still British Prime Minister, offered British citizenship to many Hong Kong residents. How many of these new 'British subjects' will turn out to be members of organised crime rings?

MAX MORF Geneva, Switzerland

SIR: In your January letters column Patrick Harrington claims that the 'Third Way' 'is not a continuation of the official NF (National Front).' However, after a number of Directorate resignations had left Mr. Harrington in effective control of the official NF I received a *Cadre News* bulletin dated December 6th 1989 which started with the exciting news that "1990 will mark the turning to a new page in the history of our movement.' Reading further, I came to this 'new page' under the heading of 'A new name for the 1990s.' It appeared that "the name 'National Front', whilst well known amongst the general public is known for the wrong reasons."

The bulletin continued: "A new name for the campaigning organisation is required.

The name which seems to be the frontrunner at the moment is 'Third Way'. This has not, however, been fixed, and the subject will be debated at the Cadre Conference to be held on January 20th."

Something apparent to the BNP eight years earlier had therefore prompted a 'new name' to emerge, and with it a 'new page'. But it seems now that Mr. Harrington would like to tear up the history book altogether!

ANTHONY WILLIAMS Lower Raydon, Suffolk

SIR: Now with the release of the Birmingham Six and the recent IRA bombings in London, it just goes to show that the authorities in Britain are reacting more weakly than ever to the republican terrorists. Our forces, together with the those of the Americans, were able to get the Gulf War pretty quickly. So I wonder why the Ulster conflict is still going on more than 20 years since it started.

This war in Ulster could be ended very quickly if we had a government with the will to smash the IRA once and for all. Before the Gulf War the Iraqis had killed no British people, but the IRA has killed hundreds, soldiers and civilians alike. Why do we not display the same efficiency and ruthlessness in dealing with the IRA as we have in smashing Iraq?

After every IRA outrage, spokesmen for the Government call the IRA murderers 'cowards' — yet the biggest cowards of all are the Government itself, with its pussyfooting in the face of terrorism.

The only eventually to get the IRA smashed is to join the British National Party and work for the day when we have national leaders who will be loyal to their Ulster fellow-citizens and who will wipe out the republican terrorists once and for all.

TOMMY TAYLOR Cumnock, Ayrshire

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THE NEW UNHAPPY LORDS
Unitten in the 1960s but applicable to the present day (see this page)

A K CHESTERTON

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OTHER LOSSES* (James Bacque) £13.95. The war crime that has only just come to light. Up to a million German POWs starved to death in Rhineland prison camps after the end of the Second World War on the responsibility of Eisenhower. 1989, xxi, 252pp.

PUBLICITY MATERIAL

Except where specifically stated, the items listed below should be ordered from PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW.

BNP Statement of Policy

A summary of the main political objectives of the British National Party. 27p post-free.

BNP Election Manifesto 1983

Booklet outlining the policies on which the British National Party fought the 1983 general election. Entitled Vote for Britain (23pp). 47p post-free.

BNP Badges

British National Party badges with logo in red, white and blue. £1.25 post-free.

BNP Key Rings

Key rings with attachment bearing BNP logo in red, white and blue. £1.75 post-free.

BNP Cloth Logo

BNP logo in cloth, also in red, white and blue. Ideal for sowing onto anoraks, etc. £1.50 post-free.

BNP Leaflets

Immigration: the time to say STOP! Leaflet drawing attention to the still large numbers of immigrants coming into Britain and calling for repatriation.

Multi-racial Britain: the experiment that failed. Help us end it! Collage of riot photos.

Gulf War: Moslem threat (new leaflet). This leaflet points out how the war in the Middle East has exposed big internal divisions in Britain, with many Moslems on one side and most of the indigneous population on the other — another indicator of the harmful consequences of the multi-racial and multi-faith society.

If we were black... Leaflet drawing attention to special favours and privileges granted to ethnic minority groups by national and local government, and calling on Whites particularly the young - to fight for their rights.

Hong Kong Chinese: no room here! Leaflet opposing Government plan to admit a quarter of a million or more Hong Kong Chinese into Britain.

Violent crime in Britain: the horrifying truth. Deals with muggings, rapes and other violent attacks on defenceless people, giving examples of specific cases. Calls for much tougher treatment of violent criminals.

Hang child murderers! Very powerful leaflet calling for the death penalty for the killers of little children.

Have you been thrown on the scrapheap by foreign imports? This leaflet deals with unemployment and explains how vast numbers of British jobs are being destroyed by the international free-trade policies of successive governments. A brief and concise argument for economic nationalism.

Stand by Ulster! Leaflet supporting Loyalists in Northern Ireland and listing BNP policies for the

These leaflets cost £4.50 per 1,000, with postage charges of £3.60 for 1,000 and £4.15 for 2,000.

BNP Posters (large)

Tomorrow belongs to us! Picture of young couple with Union flags and mountain scene in background. Poster is in three colours and measures 17.7in x 24.85in. Price: 1-9 copies 30p each; 10-19 copies 26p each; 20-49 copies 20p each; 50 copies or over 15p each. Postage cost should be estimated on basis of one poster weighing app. 12g.

BNP Posters (medium)

THREE-COLOUR POSTER

Hong Kong Chinese: no room here! Poster version of leaflet on same theme (advertised in leaflet section). Contains photo of crowd of Chinese. 1-9 copies 15p each; 10-19 copies 13p each; 20-49 copies 10p each; 50 copies or over 7½ p each.

TWO-COLOUR POSTERS

Multi-racial Britain: the experiment that failed. Help us end it! Poster version of leaflet on same theme (advertised in leaflet section). Collage of riot photos.

Oppose the disarmers! Build up our forces! Make Britain strong! Photo of Royal Marine in action with machine gun.

She freezes in winter while Third World gets 1,000 million a year. Put British people before aliens! Photo of old lady by unlit fire.

Support Ulster: smash terrorism. Hang IRA murderers! Drawing of man holding hangman's rope with wife and youngster and flag in background.

Protect British jobs: ban imports! Special unemployment poster with photo of Japanese cars coming off

Protect our women and old folk: stamp out muggers! Drawing of mugging gang.

What's happened to free speech? Drawing of white man with gag. Caption draws attention to state oppression and imprisonment of those who protest against immigrant invasion.

Support White South Africa! This slogan in large white letters on blue background.

Prices of two-colour medium-sized posters: 1-9 copies

12p each; 10-19 copies 10p each; 20-49 copies 8p each, 50 copies or over 6p each.

Medium-sized posters measure 12.6in x 17.7in. Postage costs should be estimated on basis of one poster weighing app. 6g.

BNP Stickers (two-colour)

Fight subversion: smash communism!
Put British people before aliens! (same as poster) Start repatriation!

Make Britain strong! (same as poster) Ban imports! (same as poster) Stamp out muggers! (same as poster) Hang IRA murderers! (same as poster)

Protect our young from child murderers: bring back the rope!

Scrap the Anglo-Irish Agreement: Keep Ulster British!

Love the White Race: protect its future! Abortion is child murder: make it illegal! Protect us from AIDS: outlaw homosexuality! Hong Kong Chinese: no room here!

Stickers measure 3.5in x 2.5in. They are available in gummed-backed or self-adhesive form, each containing BNP name and address and logo in red, white ana blue. Gummed-back stickers cost £4 per 1,000 or 40p per 100. Self-adhesive stickers cost £1.50 per 100. Postage costs 32p per 100.

BNP Stickers (single-colour)

Stop immigration! Start repatriation! Asian invasion No! Repatriation Yes! (Oblong stickers in red on white background)

BNP Circular sticker (two colour)

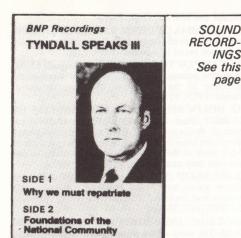
BNP. Party logo with full name and address.

The above stickers are self-adhesive and are priced at: 80 copies £1 plus 27p p&p; 500 copies £6 plus 55p p&p; 1,000 copies £12 plus £1.05 p&p.

BNP Recordings

Rally '90. Video-recording of BNP Annual Rally in London on October 13th 1990. Hear and see speeches by David Bruce, Steve Cartwright, John Peacock, Karl Philipp, Tony Wells, Steve Smith, Richard Edmonds and John Tyndall.

Rally '89. Video-recording of BNP Annual Rally in London on October 14th 1989. Hear and see speeches by Mark Wilson, John Peacock, Gus McLeod, Tony Morgan, David Bruce, Harry Mullin, Richard Edmonds and John Tyndall.



Other BNP publicity aids (Obtainable from 9 Johnson Place, Norwich NR2 2SA) BNP visiting cards. Containing words 'With compliments' and featuring party name and address and logo in red, white and blue. Price: 50 cards at £2.00; 100 cards at £3.00 (both including p&p).

World War II).

community'.

32p p&p.

SOUND

See this

INGS

page

Allied publications

We recommend the following three publications which, although not connected with the British National Party, reflect a broadly similar viewpoint on national and international issues:-

Tyndall Speaks III. Two studio talks: (1) 'Why we must repatriate'; (2) 'Foundations of the national

Tyndall Speaks IV. Two studio talks: (1) 'The way to

Recordings are on audio-cassette and cost £3.50 plus

full employment'; (2) 'The racial time-bomb'

CANDOUR

British views letter, founded by A.K. Chesterton to defend national sovereignty against the menace of international finance. Subscription (UK) £8.00 per year. Obtainable from: Forest House, Liss Forest, Hants. GU33 7DD.

BEHIND THE NEWS

Highly informative newsletter edited by Ivor Benson. Enquiries from UK, Europe or Australasia to: PO Box 29, Sudbury, Suffolk CO10 6EF. From North America to: PO Box 130, Flesherton, Ontario NOC 1F0, Canada. From South Africa to: PO Box 1564, Krugersdorp 1740. Behind the News is a 'must' for your reading

British Nationalist

British Nationalist is a tabloid published in support of the British National Party, normally on a monthly basis. Sample copies will be sent on receipt of 42p (covering p&p). Subscription for 12 issues is £5.40 (British Isles) or £7.40 (overseas surface-mail). Bulk rates are as follows:-

10 copies £2.50 + .87p post 25 copies £5.50 + £2.52 post 50 copies £10.00 + £3.15 post 100 copies £17.50 +, £4.00 post 150 copies £25.00 + £4.30 post 200 copies £30.00 + £5.00 post 300 copies £42.00 + £6.05 post 400 copies £55.00 + £6.05 post 500 copies £65.00) Bulk rates 1,000 copies £125.00) by Roadline

Cheques/postal orders to British Nationalist, PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW. Please keep orders and enquiries concerning British Nationalist entirely separate from other correspondence in order to avoid confusion and delay.

THE TRUTH AT LAST

great meetings

Hard-hitting paper for American and other white race patriots. Sample copy for £1.00. Write to: PO Box 1211, Marietta, Georgia 30061, U.S.A.

Rally '87. Video-recording of BNP Annual Rally in London on October 31st 1987. Hear and see speeches by Ronald Rickcord, Ian Sloan, Gus McLeod, Dr. Peter Peel, Richard Edmonds, Stanley Clayton-Garnett, David Bruce and John Tyndall.

Videos cost £16.00 plus 87p p&p.

Rally '82. Sound recording of BNP Annual Rally in London on October 16th 1982, the theme of which was 'Unite and fight for Britain's future'. Speechs by Charles Parker and John Tyndall.

Tyndall Speaks I. Two studio talks: (1) 'Our Anglo-Saxon heritage'; (2) 'Britain's economic crisis'.

Tyndall Speaks II. Two studio talks: (1) 'The case for

nationalism'; (2) 'Tragedy of the 20th century' (about

Tyndall speaks in Scotland:

GLASGOW Tyndall speaks to packed meeting

AFTER the forced cancellation of last year's St. Andrew's Day rally in Glasgow, the British National Party in Scotland had resolved that a substitute rally would be held sometime in the earlier part of the new year. In fact two rallies were held, in Glasgow and Edinburgh, on the same weekend of March 9th/10th, with John Tyndall speaking at both events. The success of the two rallies underlined the progress that the party is making north of the border.

Just under a hundred people were present at the Glasgow rally, which took place on Saturday evening, all of them from Scotland except the BNP Chairman. Mr. Tyndall

spoke on the theme of the rottenness and corruption that had taken over political life in Britain and

urged his audience - many of them attending a BNP meeting for the first time - not to think that by joining the BNP they were becoming involved in 'politics' in the ordinary sense of the term. Today, he said, any decent person in Britain would regard it as an insult to be described as a 'politician'. What the BNP sought to do, he continued, was put an end to the old game of politics and to bring about leadership in the nation's affairs.

Mr. Tyndall went on to speak of the crime of sending British servicemen to risk their lives in the Gulf War, a foreign conflict in which Britain had no interest, when they should be employed wiping out the IRA in a real British quarrel, right on our doorstep.

The meeting raised an excellent collection, which will be mostly devoted to financing the BNP candidate due to stand in Glasgow in the coming general election. The event was ably chaired by Scott McLean, and it marked the debut appearance of the party's excellent new Scottish banner, produced by the same Scott McLean, which the maker and Mr. Tyndall unveiled at the beginning of the meeting to loud applause.

The meeting on the following evening in Edinburgh was attended by approximately 60 people, some 15 of whom had also been present in Glasgow the previous evening -

thus making a total of approximately 140-145 different people who had come to one or both of the meetings. Mr. Tyndall's speech was on a similar theme to that of the earlier

In between times the BNP Chairman enjoyed characteristic Scottish hospitality, for which thanks are due to all those respon-

Another event that is worthy of mention was a Scottish organisers' seminar, which took place in Glasgow on the Saturday afternoon before the rally. This was a most useful and constructive event, with Mr. Tyndall giving a talk to a limited and selected audience of party officers and a few other leading activists. The party Chairman here dwelt upon the tasks involved in preparing to fight elections and also the rudiments of starting new groups from scratch.

On all occasions Mr. Tyndall praised those present for what the BNP had so far achieved in Scotland, truly one of the major growth areas for the BNP at the present

Racial Loyalty: A newspaper for the survival and advancement of the White Race. Please send 25 US dollars by IMO for one year's subscription (surface mail) to COTC, PO Box 400, Otto, NC 28763, U.S.A.

DON'T FORGET THE GLASGOW FOUR!

This is to remind readers of the four young British National Party activists who are serving one-year prison sentences in Scotland as a result of their stout defence when attacked by a large mob of Socialist 'Worker's' Party thugs in Glasgow in January 1990.

The four are due to be released in June this year with full remission. Their morale, we are told by our friends in Scotland who have visited them, is very good and their determination to go on fighting for the BNP stronger than ever.

Life 'inside', however, is boring, and the four men are rather short of reading material. It really would be appreciated if our readers could send them some books and magazines of nationalist interest.

The four are: Ian McMillan (no. 384-90), Craig Chapman (no. 382-90) and Derek Stevenson (no. 383-90), all at HMP Castle Huntly, near Long Forgan, Dundee; and Brian Ross (no. 6228), at HMP Barlinnie, Riddrie, Glasgow.

Do your best to help these men's remaining time pass as quickly as possible!

Help this man!

Another young BNP activist in Scotland is in trouble as a result of grossly heavyhanded sentencing by a court. Scott Forbes of the Dundee Group was prosecuted some months ago for a letter he sent to two notorious anti-BNP agitators in his area, Chairman of Tayside Community Relations Council Dr. Albert Jacob and left-wing Labour Councillor Mrs. Mary Ward. The two had previously made regular vicious verbal attacks on the BNP in the local press, based in part on fabrications. Scott Forbes thought it was time to send them letters replying to their smears. The two immediately ran in panic to the police complaining that they had been 'threatened'. In consequence, Scott was charged with sending 'threatening and abusive' letters to the two and was found guilty of putting the poor souls into a "state of fear and alarm for their safety." He was ordered to pay the ludicrously excessive fine of £400!

It seems no crime for the two BNP-haters to carry out repeated attacks on our party, but as soon as one of us retaliates in kind — that is really 'criminal'!

Scott Forbes cannot possibly pay this fine all on his own. We hope that readers will help him do so. All contributions should be marked 'Fine' and sent to Dundee BNP at PO Box 161, Dundee DD1 9YR.

VEHICLE FUND CLOSED

Last month's response to our Vehicle Fund appeal was excellent, with £324.00 raised. The fund has been closed with the surplus going to the BNP Election Fund. Thanks to all donors!

Contact your local party unit

THE BRITISH NATIONAL PARTY is organised into active units extending over most of the areas of the United Kingdom. Below we give a list of the main units:-

NORTH WEST LONDON

BM Box 3958, London WC1N 3XX

EAST LONDON

PO Box 300, Emma Street, Hackney, London E2 7BZ

SOUTH WEST LONDON

BCM Box 5103, London WC1N 3XX

SOUTH EAST LONDON

PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW

HILLINGDON

PO Box 275, Uxbridge, Middlesex UB10 8XU

BARKING & DAGENHAM

PO Box 12, Dagenham, Essex RM10 7HE

WEST KENT

PO Box 48, Tonbridge TN11-9JF

EAST KENT

73 Shirkoak Park, Woodchurch, Ashford TN26 3OP

EPPING FOREST

PO Box 12, Loughton, Essex IG10 2DN

SUFFOLK

2 Albert Road, Framlingham

NORFOLK

9 Johnson Place, Norwich NR2 2SA

MILTON KEYNES

PO Box 811, Bradwell Common, Milton Keynes, Bucks. MK13 8YZ

DEVON

PO Box 1, Torrington EX38 8HQ

SOUTH WALES

PO Box 214, Cardiff CF3 9YB

NORTH WALES

PO Box 3, Llangefni, Anglesey L77 7UY

LEICESTER

PO Box 148, Leicester LE3 2YD

NOTTINGHAM

PO Box 2, Carlton, Nottingham NG4 3EQ

WEST NOTTS.

PO Box 5, Eastwood, Notts. NG16 3RN

NEWARK

PO Box 5, Newark, Notts. NG24 3LD

PETERBOROUGH

PO Box 211, Peterborough, Cambs. PE3 8JE

BIRMINGHAM

PO Box 771, Great Barr, Birmingham B44 9LZ

LIVERPOOL

PO Box 116, Liverpool L69 1SH

MANCHESTER & SALFORD

PO Box 16, Salford M6 5EP

ROCHDALE

PO Box 156, Rochdale, Lancs. OL77 5LG

LEEDS

PO Box BR10, Bramley, Leeds 13

BRADFORD

PO Box 6, Thornton, Bradford BD13 3QF

HUDDERSFIELD

PO Box A43, Huddersfield HD1 4NN

WAKEFIELD

PO Box 101. Wakefield WF2 9XY

DARLINGTON

PO Box 61, Darlington,

Co. Durham DL3 9RD

TYNE & WEAR

PO Box 8, South Shields NE33 1LP

EDINBURGH

PO Box 719, Edinburgh EH4 2SR

GLASGOW

PO Box 85, Glasgow G3 8UL

PAISLEY

PO Box 72, Paisley, Renfrew PA2 0BH

DUNDEE

PO Box 161, Dundee DD1 9YR

The BNP also has units in Richmond-on-Thames, Bromley (Kent), Newmarket, Colchester, Reading, Gloucestershire, Bristol, Hertfordshire, Bedford, Dunstable, Stourbridge, Grantham, Bolton & Bury, Warrington, Burnley, Blackburn, Blackpool, Halifax, Dewsbury, York, Teesside, Sunderland, Stirling & Alloa, Fife, Cumbernauld, Greenock, Ayr, Aberdeen and Inverness. If you want to make contact with any of these units, or start a new unit, please write to BNP Head Office at PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW.

SUPPORT FUND

Income from the sales of our magazine is not enough to cover production and administrative costs. We therefore rely on regular donations from our supporters so that we may remain solvent.

We ask our readers to bear in mind that, because of the controversial nature of the opinions expressed in these columns, we have found it impossible to induce wholesale magazine distributers to handle our magazine. It is therefore not to be found on sale in high street newsagents or bookshops. Hence our need for additional financial support.

Please send all contributions to: PO Box 117, Welling, Kent DA16 3DW. Please note that receipts are not normally sent for donations of less than £10 unless specifically requested, in which case an SAE would be appreciated

Please pass the ammunition, and keep us in the battle!

Red 'picket' degenerates into a shambles

ON SUNDAY, March 17th, for the first time for many years, an opposition mob turned up at East London's Brick Lane, supposedly to 'picket' the BNP's regular newspaper sale.

Organised by a shambolic outfit styling itself 'Anti-Fascist Action', a motley agglomeration of misfits numbering some 200, many of indeterminate race and sex, showed up to 'confront' an orderly and disciplined turn-out of about 100 BNP activists, proudly displaying Union Jacks.

The 'Anti-Fascists', many belonging to red organisations claiming to champion the 'workers', in fact consisted largely of homosexuals, squatters and junkies, many of whom had the look of middle-class student drop-outs, and all of whom were from well outside Bethnal Green's respectable and patriotic British neighbourhoods.

It was, in brief, the sort of identikit leftwing rentamob that the British National Party has become well used to dealing with up and down the country.

Whilst the BNP contingent stood up for



ROUSING RECEPTION FOR REDS A part of the BNP contingent at Brick Lane

the rights of local Whites, the red rabble chanted all manner of threats - including one that the BNP would be 'smashed'. But noticeably all this, along with the anthropoid gesticulations of obscenity that went with it, was done from behind a line of police officers on the opposite side of Bethnal Green Road.

DISASTER UPON CATASTROPHE

Having failed to 'smash' the BNP and alienated everybody in sight, the 'Anti-Fascists' then went on to add disaster to catastrophe. They had earlier promised that they would stop BNP supporters drinking in Bethnal Green pubs, as is the custom following the morning's sale at Brick Lane.

After about an hour of exercising their vocal chords, the left-wing menagerie finally slouched and shuffled up Bethnal Green Road outside a pub sometimes used by nationalists which they eventually hoped to occupy at the latter's expense. Here they mopped up in an expectant lump, corralled by police.

The BNP, meanwhile, walked straight

CALL TO **ACTION!** A specimen of the scruffy leaflets used against the BNP



Assemble at 10am Sharp! outside Whitechapel tube.

Sunday 17th March

past them to an alternative prearranged watering hole, where they settled down to a well-earned pint. A few minutes later the 'Anti-Fascist' brigade were herded past the latter hostelry by police under the amused gaze of the BNP. They had been refused admittance to the pub they had hoped to capture and were being removed from the

The area had given them a thoroughgoing thumbs-down, when they had earlier skulked away from Brick Lane. BNP paper-sellers enjoyed a big spate of sales as ordinary local people came in big numbers to buy the party's paper.

Credit elsewhere, too, where it is due. Bethnal Green police on this occasion carried out their duties with even-handedness and professionalism.

SOCIAL BUFFET

Central London Saturday, April 6th In the evening

Admission £8. Proceeds to go to BNP General Election Fund. Drinks will be very cheap. Important guest speaker from Europe expected. Ring BNP Bookshop for details (081 316 4721).

Thanks for Armagh Four campaign!

Dear Spearhead,

Many thanks for your help in distributing the the Armagh Four leaflets. I received requests for leaflets from your branches in Salford and Edinburgh and from readers all over Britain, such as in London, Milton Keynes, Slough and Norfolk. More leaflets are available. I would like to hear from anyone in Wales and the North of England — also in Europe.

> Yours in the cause of Ulster ROBERT QUINN 13 Vicarage Street Belfast BT5 4HX

Find out about the British National Party

Send 30p for information pack te:-

P.O. BOX 117 WELLING **KENT DA16 3DW**

(Telephone enquiries to 081 316 4721)

Address.....

I enclose.....